From farm to fork

Tracing food waste's impact on biodiversity

20% of food produced in the EU is discarded, generating up to 130 Mt of food waste per year. When food is wasted, all the resources required to produce it are wasted. Food waste is therefore directly linked to the loss of biodiversity and exceeding the limits of natural resources:



Pollinators

20%

Pollinator species are vital for food availability but are endangered by chemicals and habitat destruction.

Pollution

Land use

destruction.

Food waste in landfills emits methane, polluting water and harming aquatic life.

Overexploitation of land leads

to deforestation and habitat



Overfishing

Food waste exacerbates the depletion of marine biodiversity (over 35% of caught fish is wasted).



Primary production Procesing & manufacturing Consumption of total food of total food of total food waste waste Harvesting & Transport Distribution & Retail

How do we tackle food waste?



The primary focus

Minimizing surplus food and reducing waste at every stage of the food supply chain.



Re-use

The second line of defense

Using surplus food meant for humans where possible and repurposing food as animal feed.



Recycle

The last resource

Transforming food waste into high-value products such as chemicals, materials and fuels.



